Overall Theme		Heroes and Heroines		Our Changing World		Unscrew the LidRelease the Potential	
		Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Enrichment	Visit/Trip	Christmas Panto		Grimsargh Wetlands		Church- Baptism	
				Imagine That! (?)		Barton Grange	
	Kick Start	Heroes and heroines in	our lives	Great Fire of London			
Mathematic	s	Number and Place Value:	Number and Place Value:				
		Use the language of:	Use the language of:				
		equal to, more than, less	equal to, more than, less				
		than (fewer), most, least	than (fewer), most, least				
		Count to and across 100,	Recognise and create	Count to and across 100,	Recognise and create	Count to and across 100,	Recognise and create
		forwards and backwards,	repeating patterns with	forwards and backwards,	repeating patterns with	forwards and backwards,	repeating patterns with
		beginning with 0 or 1, or	numbers, objects and	beginning with 0 or 1, or	numbers, objects and	beginning with 0 or 1, or	numbers, objects and
		from any given number	shapes	from any given number	shapes	from any given number	shapes
		Count in multiples of	Identify odd and even	Count in multiples of	Identify odd and even	Count in multiples of	Identify odd and even
		twos, fives and tens	numbers linked to	twos, fives and tens	numbers linked to	twos, fives and tens	numbers linked to
		Read and write numbers	counting in twos from 0	Read and write numbers	counting in twos from 0	Read and write numbers	counting in twos from 0
		to 100 in numerals	and 1	to 100 in numerals	and 1	to 100 in numerals	and 1
		Read and write numbers	Number- Addition and	Read and write numbers	Number- Addition and	Read and write numbers	Number- Addition and
		from 1 to 20 in numerals	Subtraction-	from 1 to 20 in numerals	Subtraction-	from 1 to 20 in numerals	Subtraction-
		and words	Solve one-step problems	and words	Read, write and interpret	and words	Add and subtract one-
		Begin to recognise the	that involve addition and	Begin to recognise the	mathematical	Begin to recognise the	digit and two-digit
		place value of numbers	subtraction, using	place value of numbers	statements involving	place value of numbers	numbers to 20, including
		beyond 20 (tens and	concrete objects and	beyond 20 (tens and	addition (+), subtraction	beyond 20 (tens and	zero (using concrete
		ones)	pictorial representations,	ones)	(-) and equals (=) signs	ones)	objects and pictorial
		Identify and represent	and missing number	Identify and represent	Represent and use	Identify and represent	representations)
		numbers using objects		numbers using objects	number bonds and	numbers using objects	

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including the number line Given a number, identify one more and one less Solve problems and practical problems involving all of the above Number- Addition and Subtraction-Read, write and interpret mathematical statements involving addition (+), subtraction (-) and equals (=) signs Represent and use number bonds and related subtraction facts within 20 Add and subtract onedigit and two-digit numbers to 20, including zero (using concrete objects and pictorial representations) Solve one-step problems that involve addition and

subtraction, using

concrete objects and

and missing number

pictorial representations,

and pictorial

representations

problems such as $7 = \le -9$

Fractions-

Understand that a fraction can describe part of a whole Understand that a unit fraction represents one equal part of a whole Recognise, find and name a half as one of two equal parts of an object shape or quantity (including measure) Recognise, find and name a quarter as one of four equal parts of an object, shape or quantity (including measure) Measurement-

Measure and begin to record: - lengths and heights, using nonstandard and then manageable standard units (m/cm) - mass/weight, using nonstandard and then manageable standard units (kg/g) - capacity and volume using nonstandard and then

and pictorial representations including the number line

line
Given a number, identify
one more and one less
Given a number identify
ten more or less
Order numbers to 50
Solve problems and
practical problems
involving all of the above
Number- Addition and

Number- Addition and Subtraction-

Solve one-step problems that involve addition and subtraction, using concrete objects and pictorial representations, and missing number problems such as $7 = \le -9$

Add and subtract onedigit and two-digit numbers to 20, including zero (using concrete objects and pictorial representations)

Number- Multiplication and Division-

related subtraction facts within 20
Add and subtract one-digit and two-digit numbers to 20, including zero (using concrete objects and pictorial

representations) Measurement-

Measure and begin to

record: - lengths and heights, using nonstandard and then manageable standard units (m/cm) mass/weight, using nonstandard and then manageable standard units (kg/g) - capacity and volume using nonstandard and then manageable standard units (litres/ml) - time (hours/minutes/seconds) within children's range of counting competence (Length and Mass, time) Compare, describe and solve practical problems for: - lengths and heights (for example, long/short, longer/shorter,

and pictorial representations including the number line Given a number, identify one more and one less Given a number identify ten more or less Order numbers to 50 Solve problems and practical problems involving all of the above Number-Addition and

Subtraction-Read, write and interpret mathematical statements involving addition (+), subtraction (-) and equals (=) signs Represent and use number bonds and related subtraction facts within 20 Add and subtract onedigit and two-digit numbers to 20, including zero (using concrete objects and pictorial representations) Solve one-step problems that involve addition and

subtraction, using

Solve one-step problems that involve addition and subtraction, using concrete objects and pictorial representations, and missing number problems such as $7 = \le -$

Number- Multiplication and Division-

Solve one-step problems involving multiplication and division, by calculating the answer using concrete objects, pictorial representations and arrays with the support of the teacher

Measurement-

Measure and begin to record: - lengths and heights, using non-standard and then manageable standard units (m/cm) - mass/weight, using non-standard and then manageable standard units (kg/g) - capacity and volume using non-standard and then manageable standard

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problems such as $7 = \le -9$

Measurement-

Measure and begin to record: - lengths and heights, using nonstandard and then manageable standard units (m/cm) mass/weight, using nonstandard and then manageable standard units (kg/g) - capacity and volume using nonstandard and then manageable standard units (litres/ml) - time (hours/minutes/seconds) within children's range of counting competence (Length and Mass) Compare, describe and solve practical problems for: - lengths and heights (for example, long/short, longer/shorter, tall/short, double/half) mass/weight (for example, heavy/light, heavier than, lighter than) - capacity and volume (for example,

manageable standard units (litres/ml) - time (hours/minutes/seconds) within children's range of counting competence (Volume and capacity, time)

Compare, describe and solve practical problems for: - lengths and heights (for example, long/short, longer/shorter, tall/short, double/half) mass/weight (for example, heavy/light, heavier than, lighter than) - capacity and volume (for example. full/empty, more than, less than, half, half full, quarter) - time (for example, quicker, slower, earlier, later) (Volume and capacity, time) Recognise and use language relating to dates, including days of

the week, weeks,

months and years

Sequence events in

chronological order

Recall and use doubles of all numbers to 10 and corresponding halves Solve one-step problems involving multiplication and division, by calculating the answer using concrete objects, pictorial representations and arrays with the support of the teacher Measurement-Measure and begin to record: - lengths and

heights, using nonstandard and then manageable standard units (m/cm) mass/weight, using nonstandard and then manageable standard units (kg/g) - capacity and volume using nonstandard and then manageable standard units (litres/ml) - time (hours/minutes/seconds) within children's range of counting competence (Mass)

Compare, describe and

solve practical problems

tall/short, double/half) mass/weight (for example, heavy/light, heavier than, lighter than) - capacity and volume (for example, full/empty, more than, less than, half, half full, quarter) - time (for example, quicker, slower, earlier, later) (Length and Mass. Time) Tell the time to the hour and half past the hour and draw the hands on a clock face to show these times

Geometry- Position and Direction-

Describe movement, including whole, half, quarter and three-quarter turns
Describe position and direction

concrete objects and pictorial representations, and missing number problems such as 7 = ≤ - 9

Measurement-Measure and begin to record: - lengths and heights, using nonstandard and then manageable standard units (m/cm) mass/weight, using nonstandard and then manageable standard units (kg/g) - capacity and volume using nonstandard and then manageable standard units (litres/ml) - time (hours/minutes/seconds) within children's range of counting competence (Volume and capacity) Compare, describe and solve practical problems for: - lengths and heights (for example, long/short, longer/shorter, tall/short, double/half) mass/weight (for example, heavy/light,

units (litres/ml) - time (hours/minutes/seconds) within children's range of counting competence (Time, length and mass) Compare, describe and solve practical problems for: - lengths and heights (for example, long/short, longer/shorter, tall/short, double/half) mass/weight (for example, heavy/light, heavier than, lighter than) - capacity and volume (for example, full/empty, more than, less than, half, half full. quarter) - time (for example, quicker, slower, earlier, later) (Time, length and mass) Recognise and use language relating to dates, including days of the week, weeks, months and years Sequence events in chronological order using language (for example, before and after, next, first, today,

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Shape-
Geometry- Properties o
(Length and Mass)
slower, earlier, later)
example, quicker,
quarter) - time (for
less than, half, half full,
full/empty, more than,

Recognise and name common 2-D shapes, including rectangles (including squares), circles and triangles Recognise and name common 3-D shapes, including cuboids (including cubes), pyramids and spheres using language (for example, before and after, next, first, today, yesterday, tomorrow, morning, afternoon and evening

Recognise and know the value of different denominations of coins and notes

Geometry- Position and Direction-Recognise and create

objects and shapes Statistics Sort objects, numbers and shapes to a given

criterion and their own

repeating patterns with

for: - lengths and heights (for example, long/short, longer/shorter, tall/short, double/half) mass/weight (for example, heavy/light, heavier than, lighter than) - capacity and volume (for example, full/empty, more than, less than, half, half full, quarter) - time (for example, quicker, slower, earlier, later)

(Mass) Recognise and know the value of different denominations of coins and notes

Geometry- Properties of Shape-

Recognise and name common 2-D shapes, including rectangles (including squares), circles and triangles Recognise and name common 3-D shapes, including cuboids (including cubes), pyramids and spheres heavier than, lighter than) - capacity and volume (for example, full/empty, more than, less than, half, half full, quarter) - time (for example, quicker, slower, earlier, later) (Volume and capacity) Tell the time to the hour and half past the hour and draw the hands on a clock face to show these times

Geometry- Properties of Shape-

Recognise and name common 2-D shapes. including rectangles (including squares), circles and triangles Recognise and name common 3-D shapes, including cuboids (including cubes), pyramids and spheres **Geometry- Position and** Direction-

Describe movement, including whole, half, guarter and threequarter turns

yesterday, tomorrow, morning, afternoon and evening Geometry- Position and Direction-

Recognise and create repeating patterns with objects and shapes Statistics-Sort objects, numbers

and shapes to a given criterion and their own Present and interpret data in block diagrams using practical equipment Ask and answer simple questions by counting the number of objects in each category Ask and answer questions by comparing categorical data

			Describe position and direction Statistics- Present and interpret data in block diagrams using practical equipment Ask and answer simple questions by counting the number of objects in each category Ask and answer questions by comparing categorical data
Science	Animals including Humans- To identify and name a variety of common animals including fish, amphibians, reptiles, birds and mammals. To identify and name a variety of common animals that are carnivores, herbivores and omnivores. To describe and compare the structure of a variety of common animals (fish, amphibians, reptiles, birds and mammals, including pets). To identify, name, draw and label the basic parts of the human body and say which part of the body is associated with each sense. Seasonal Changes- To observe changes across the four seasons. To observe and describe weather associated with the seasons and how day length varies.	Everyday Materials- To distinguish between an object and the material from which it is made. To identify and name a variety of everyday materials, including wood, plastic, glass, metal, water, and rock. To describe the simple physical properties of a variety of everyday materials. To compare and group together a variety of everyday materials on the basis of their simple physical properties. Seasonal Changes- To observe changes across the four seasons. To observe and describe weather associated with the seasons and how day length varies.	Plants- To identify and name a variety of common wild and garden plants, including deciduous and evergreen trees. To identify and describe the basic structure of a variety of common flowering plants, including trees. Seasonal Changes- To observe changes across the four seasons. To observe and describe weather associated with the seasons and how day length varies.

RE	Harvest-	God and Creation	Jesus Was Special-	Easter-	Baptism-	My World, Jesus' World-
	We (Christians) believe	We (Christians) believe	The stories of Jesus	The events of Palm	Baptism is an occasion	Jesus lived a long time
	that it is important to say	that God created the	miracles can be found in	Sunday, Good Friday and	when promises are made	ago in a world very
	thank you to God for the	world.	the Gospels in the New	Easter Day are at the	to God and people are	different to ours.
	harvest.	The creation stories are	Testament.	core of Christian beliefs.	welcomed as a member	we (Christians) believe
	We believe that helping	at the very beginning of	We (Christians) believe	We (Christians) believe	of the church.	that Jesus is the son of
	others is part of putting	the Bible and be able to	that the miracles reveal	that Easter is a new	Water is a symbol of	God.
	our Christian faith in	recall details briefly.	Jesus as the Son of God.	beginning.	baptism.	we (Christians) believe
	action.	We (Christians) believe		We (Christians) believe	people can be baptised	that Jesus understands
	There are Christian	that people should be		that Jesus died and rose	at any age, in the font at	what it is like to live an
	charities working	taking care of our world.		back to life again.	church, in a pool, a river	everyday life as a
	worldwide to improve	We (Christians) believe			or the sea.	human.
	the living conditions of	that in creation we can			Jesus was baptised in the	
	people in third world	see the power and			river Jordan.	
	countries and other	wonder of God.			people of faiths other	
	areas of poverty.	Christmas-			than Christianity also	
	Non-Christian Faith-	We (Christians) believe			welcome new babies in	
	Jewish people also	that Jesus is God's gift to			special ways.	
	celebrate harvest and	the world.			Joseph-	
	this is called Sukkot.	The Wise Men (Magi)			the story of Joseph can	
		visited baby Jesus after			be found in the Old	
		Christmas.			Testament.	
		We (Christians) believe			that Joseph is an	
		that the gift of Jesus			important person in	
		shows God's love and			God's big story.	
		care for the world.				
		We (Christians) believe				
		Jesus is God's son the				
		promised Messiah.				
Geography	Enquiry and Investigation-	•	Enquiry and Investigation-		Enquiry and Investigation-	
	Ask and answer simple que	estions.	Ask and answer simple questions.		Ask and answer simple questions.	
			Fieldwork-			

	Describe some similarities and difference studying places and features i.e hot and of the world. Interpreting Geographical Information— Use a range of sources such as simple matlases and images. Communicate Geographical Information— Use maps and other images to talk about life — where they live, journeys etc Draw, speak or write about simple geog concepts such as what they can see whe	aps, globes, t everyday aphical re. Use s study grou Inter Use a atlas Know Com Use r life – Draw	Observe and describe daily weather patterns. Use simple fieldwork and observational skills when studying the geography of their school and its grounds. Interpreting Geographical Information- Use a range of sources such as simple maps, globes, atlases and images. Know that symbols mean something on maps. Communicate Geographical Information- Use maps and other images to talk about everyday life – where they live, journeys etc Draw, speak or write about simple geographical concepts such as what they can see where.		Describe some similarities and differences when studying places and features i.e hot and cold places of the world. Interpreting Geographical Information- Use a range of sources such as simple maps, globes, atlases and images. Communicate Geographical Information- Use maps and other images to talk about everyday life – where they live, journeys etc	
History	Chronology- Recount changes in own life over time Distinguish between past and present Use words and phrases such as old, new days, months Range and Depth of Historical Knowled difference between past and present in other people's lives Organisation and Communication- Show knowledge and understanding abo in different ways (eg. role play, drawing, talking). writing (reports, labelling, simp	young, differ Inter Begin (e.g. Orga Show in differ talkin writing, ICT	Identify similarities and differences between different ways of life beyond living memory Interpretations of History-Begin to identify different ways to represent the past (e.g. photos, stories, adults talking about the past) Organisation and Communication-Show knowledge and understanding about the past in different ways (eg. role play, drawing, writing, talking). writing (reports, labelling, simple recount)		Historical Enquiry- Sort artefacts "then" and " Ask and answer questions sources and objects includ Range and Depth of Historical difference between past at other people's lives Organisation and Communication Show knowledge and under in different ways (eg. role palking). writing (reports, later the source of	related to different ing pictures and stories. rical Knowledge- Tell the nd present in own and nication-erstanding about the past play, drawing, writing,
Art & DT		ground mechan of Londo Grimsar n hall display winter t name match flowers/	Great fire –DT Levers and nisms, appropriate joins. Great Fire don urgh Wetlands –link to artist nie North drawing/painting/pastel s/plants. NC use a variety of s and tools and techniques.	Mothering Sunday Sculpture – clay heart NC manipulate malleable materials. Henry Moore Textiles – card dye with masked out area add sequin detail NC apply decoration impressionists/Mendi patterns. Easter	Geography link – animal drawing and collage Mark making –Rousseau Repetitive patterns – link to topic Mark making	Sculpture – adding and inventing – local buildings. DT Homes different fixings. Gaudi/Hundertwasser style. Printing with objects, fingers – Lowry style local figures Tom Finney – 'The Football Match' work on different scales.

- painting self-portraits drawing ½ face – feelings (pshce link) Seasonal changes Ongoing throughout the year – focus on Autumnal/Winter changes. Weather and climate, draw the weather link to landscape artists (Turner skies) Use natural resources; leaves and twigs to make artwork Andy Goldsworthy style. NC experiment with natural materials. Textiles create fabrics by weaving natural materials	Christmas card – DT pop up mechanism collage/cutting skills.	Painting water-wetlands link Geography – painting hot and cold colours– patterns, Monet Worldwide animal print collage NC create and use texture for an image.	card DT create a pompom chick NC use a range of textile techniques. Science link DT structures – create playground equipment.	repetitive patterns – link to topic. – multicultural patterns from around the world Digital media – photos of local area, create a jigsaw. Simple graphics to create local images PSHCE –DT fruit kebab work safely and hygienically.	
Computing Digital Literacy- Use technology safely and respectfully, keeping personal information private; identify where to go for help and support when they have concerns about content or contact on the internet or other online technologies.	Digital Literacy- Use technology safely and respectfully, keeping personal information private; identify where to go for help and support when they have concerns about content or contact on the internet or other online technologies. Computer Science- Understand what algorithms are; how they are implemented as programs on digital devices; and that programs execute by following precise and unambiguous instructions. Information Technology- Use technology purposefully to create,	Digital Literacy- Use technology safely and respectfully, keeping personal information private; identify where to go for help and support when they have concerns about content or contact on the internet or other online technologies. Computer Science- Use logical reasoning to predict the behaviour of simple programs Information Technology- Use technology purposefully to create, organise, store, manipulate and retrieve digital content	Digital Literacy- Use technology safely and respectfully, keeping personal information private; identify where to go for help and support when they have concerns about content or contact on the internet or other online technologies. Computer Science- Create and debug simple programs	Digital Literacy- Use technology safely and respectfully, keeping personal information private; identify where to go for help and support when they have concerns about content or contact on the internet or other online technologies. Information Technology- Use technology purposefully to create, organise, store, manipulate and retrieve digital content	Recognise common uses of information technology beyond school Use technology safely and respectfully, keeping personal information private; identify where to go for help and support when they have concerns about content or contact on the internet or other online technologies.

Music	Listen with concentration and understanding to a range of high-quality live and recorded music Use their voices expressively by singing songs and speaking chants and rhymes.		Play tuned and un-tuned i Experiment with, create, s using the inter-related din	select and combine sounds nensions of music.	Listen with concentration and understanding to a range of high-quality live and recorded music Use their voices expressively by singing songs and speaking chants and rhymes.	Play tuned and un-tuned instruments musically. Experiment with, create, select and combine sounds using the interrelated dimensions of music.
PE	Travelling- Running, hopping, skipping, galloping Sending- Roll a ball underarm Throw an object underarm (beanbag) Throw an object overarm (beanbag, ball) Aiming at various targets using different equipment. Striking a ball with a bat. Receiving- Catching a ball	Copy and explore body actions from a range of stimuli. Copy simple movement patterns. Show and tell using body actions to explore moods, ideas and feelings.	Travelling- Hands and feet- frog, bunny, bear, crab, caterpillar, crocodile. Shape- Wide, thin, tuck. Rolling- Rocking on back, pencil, egg rolls. Jumping- Two feet to two feet. Handle small and large apparatus.	Travelling- Running, hopping, skipping, galloping Sending- Roll a ball underarm Throw an object underarm (beanbag) Aiming at various targets using different equipment. (beanbag, ball, quoit, shuttlecock etc) Attacking and defending strategies (games)- Understand the concept of aiming.	Travelling- Running, hopping, skipping, galloping Sending- Throw an object overarm (beanbag, ball) Aiming at various targets using different equipment. (beanbag, ball, quoit, shuttlecock etc) Receiving- Catching a ball Catching a ball at different heights. Attacking and defending strategies (games)- Use a feint to try and win a net game.	Copy and explore body actions from a range of stimuli. Copy simple movement patterns. Show and tell using body actions to explore moods, ideas and feelings. Travelling-Running, hopping, skipping, galloping Sending-Throw an object underarm (beanbag) Throw an object overarm (beanbag, ball)

					Throw or hit an object into a space to make it more difficult for their opponents.	Aiming at various targets using different equipment. (beanbag, ball, quoit, shuttlecock etc)
PSHE	Relationships- Understand that classroom rules help everyone to learn and be safe; Explain their classroom rules and be able to contribute to making these. Recognise how others might be feeling by reading body language/facial expressions; Understand and explain how our emotions can give a physical reaction in our body (e.g. butterflies in the tummy etc.) Identify a range of feelings; Identify how feelings might make us behave:	Valuing Difference- Identify the differences and similarities between people; Empathise with those who are different from them; Begin to appreciate the positive aspects of these differences.	Keeping Safe- Recognise emotions and physical feelings associated with feeling unsafe; Identify people who can help them when they feel unsafe. Understand and learn the PANTS rules; Name and know which parts should be private; Explain the difference between appropriate and inappropriate touch; Understand that they have the right to say "no" to unwanted touch; Start thinking about who they trust and who they can ask for help. Explain the difference between a secret and a nice surprise;	Rights and Responsibilities- Identify what they like about the school environment; Recognise who cares for and looks after the school environment. Explain the importance of looking after things that belong to themselves or to others. Explain where people get money from; List some of the things that money may be spent on in a family home. Recognise that different notes and coins have different monetary value; Explain the importance of keeping money safe;	Being My Best- Name major internal body parts (heart, lungs, blood, stomach, intestines, brain); Understand and explain the simple bodily processes associated with them. Understand that the body gets energy from food, water and air (oxygen); Recognise that exercise and sleep are important parts of a healthy lifestyle. Recognise the importance of regular hygiene routines; Sequence personal hygiene routines into a logical order. Recognise the	Growing and Changing- Identify parts of the body that are private using the correct terminology; Describe ways in which private parts can be kept private; Identify people they can talk to about their private parts. Understand some of the tasks required to look after a baby; Explain how to meet the basic needs of a baby, for example, eye contact, cuddling, washing, changing, feeding. Identify things they could do as a baby, a toddler and can do now;

Suggest strategies for	Identify situations as	Identify safe places to	maintaining a healthy,	Identify the people who
someone experiencing	being secrets or	keep money;	balanced lifestyle;	help/helped them at
'not so good' feelings to	surprises;	Understand the concept	Identify simple bedtime	those different stages.
manage these.	Identify who they can	of 'saving money' (i.e. by	routines that promote	
Recognise that people's	talk to if they feel	keeping it in a safe	healthy sleep.	
bodies and feelings can	uncomfortable about	placed and adding to it).	Recognise that they may	
be hurt;	any secret they are told,		have different tastes in	
Suggest ways of dealing	or told to keep.		food to others;	
with different kinds of	Understand that		Select foods from the	
hurt.	medicines can		Eatwell Guide (formerly	
Recognise that they	sometimes make people		Eatwell Plate) in order to	
belong to various groups	feel better when they're		make a healthy lunch;	
and communities such as	ill;		Recognise which foods	
their family;	Explain simple issues of		we need to eat more of	
Explain how these	safety and responsibility		and which we need to	
people help us and we	about medicines and		eat less of to be healthy	
can also help them to	their use.		Recognise that learning a	
help us.			new skill requires	
Identify simple qualities			practice and the	
of friendship;			opportunity to fail,	
Suggest simple strategies			safely;	
for making up.			Understand the learning	
Demonstrate attentive			line's use as a simple tool	
listening skills;			to describe the learning	
Suggest simple strategies			process, including	
for resolving conflict			overcoming challenges.	
situations;			Understand how	
Give and receive positive			diseases can spread;	
feedback, and			Recognise and use	
experience how this			simple strategies for	
makes them feel.			preventing the spread of	
			diseases.	

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